THE [Numb. 2373]

MARTLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *June* 21, 1759.

COPENHAGEN, April 1.

LETTERS received here from Tranquebar, on the Coaſt of Commandel, dated the 23d of June, 1758, ſay, That a Fleet of 12 French Men of War came on that Coaſt the 27th of April. That the next Day the Engliſh Fleet, under Admiral Pocock, paſſed by that Port, on Sight of which the French Squadron weighed Anchor, and put to Sea: That the Engliſh purſued them, and in the Afternoon a very brisk Engagement began, in which, it was ſaid, the French had loſt 900 Men, and the Engliſh two Ships, and a great many Men, and that after the Action a French Ship of 74 Guns, run aground: That the French, and all their Militia, under the Command of Lieut. Gen. Lally, marched to Fort St. David and Gondelour: That the latter was taken by Capitulation, and Fort St. David was likewiſe obliged to ſurrender, after a ſevere Bombardment; and that thereupon the French were making all neceſſary Preparations for attacking Madraſs, after they had made themſelves Maſters of Tanjour, or that their Demands there ſhould have been complied with. Subſequent Letters, dated likewiſe from Tranquebar, of Auguſt 23, further ſay, That the French marched the 25th of June to Tanjour, where they arrived the Beginning of Auguſt, and made an Attempt on that Place, in which, to their great Surprize, they were not able to ſucceed, tho' in Tanjour having carried on a Negotiation with them for ſome Time, and taken their Meaſures ſo well, that the French found themſelves in great Diſtreſs for want of Subſiſtence, and were attacked furiouſly on all Sides; and tho' they had made a Breach ſufficient for 15 Men to enter a-breaſt, yet they were obliged, for want of Proviſions and Ammunition, to decamp, and abandon Tanjour the 18th of Auguſt, leaving behind them five large Pieces of Cannon. Their Loſs in Men however was not very conſiderable. That during the Siege of Tanjour both the French and Engliſh Fleets were cruiſing off the Coaſt of Coromandel, and were alternately in the Road of Carical, till the third of Auguſt, when they came to an Engagement, which laſted two Hours, and was very brisk. That the Loſs of the French therein was very great, and they found themſelves obliged to retire to Pondicherry, where they remained. That the Engliſh were come to Carical, where they had taken two or three French Barks, which were going by. And that, on the 20th of Auguſt, Gen. Lally returned with his Army to Carical, and on the 23d marched by Trahquebar, in his Way to Pondicherry.

Berlin, March 22. The War is like to be carried on this Summer, as well on the Enemy's Side as ours, with ſuch mighty Efforts and numerous Armies, that, if Effects anſwer Appearances, there cannot remain wherewith to continue it another Year.

Breſlau, March 28. General Weperſnow is returned from his Expedition; and, it is ſaid, he found at Poſen a Magazine of Flour, ſufficient for the Subſiſtence of 50,000 Men for three Months, which he deſtroyed, it being impoſſible to carry it off for Want of Horſes.

Berlin, March 30. We have received the following Particulars concerning General Weperſnow's Expedition into Poland; viz. that Col. Platen having been detached from Poſſanin with his Regiment of Dragoons, and ſecuring along the Warta to Meſeritz, had there deſtroyed a Magazine belonging to the Ruſſians, in which were 46000 Buſhels of Grain.

Breſlau, April 2. Yeſterday the King ſent a Detachment to Lowenberg, from whence them the great Ruſſian is believed they will proceed to Greiffenberg. By all our Preparations, and by thoſe of the Enemy, we are juſt upon the Point of opening the moſt bloody Campaign that ever happened in this Part of Germany.

Paris, March 10. The new Order to be inſtituted in Favour of the Proteſtant Officers of our Troops, is to be called the Order of the Sword. The Ribband is to be a deep Blue, with a Gold Medal pendant to it.

Hague, March 9. In an Aſſembly of the States-General a few Days ago, it was propoſed to ſend a Miniſter extraordinary to Denmark, to ſound the Diſpoſition of that Court, and endeavour to form ſuch an Alliance as may ſecure both States from all future Inſults. It is likewiſe ſaid, that it was agreed to ſend a Deputation to the Court of Great-Britain, in order to make the laſt Effort for bringing Matters to an Accommodation. In the mean Time the Deputies from the Merchants of Amſterdam and Rotterdam have preſented a Memorial to the States-General, ſetting forth the great Concern they are under on Account of the Cargoes of ſeveral of their Ships returning from the Weſt-Indies being condemned in England as legal Prizes, and the Apprehenſions they are under, that a much greater Number of their Ships now in England may undergo the ſame Fate; and deſiring their High Mightineſſes to take the Affair under their Conſideration, and make uſe of ſuch Means as their great Wiſdom ſhall ſuggeſt to them, to prevent the fatal Conſequences of ſuch Proceedings.

LONDON, *March* 24.

By a Letter from France, which came by the Dutch Mail, we hear that the Fleet under Admiral Pocock defeated the French Fleet on the 3d of Auguſt, and had abſolutely taken and deſtroyed them all, had not a freſh Gale ſprang up, by which the French Ships got under the Guns of Pondicherry. That ſome of the French Ships were deſtroyed in the Engagement, and the reſt were ſo much diſabled, that they could not put to Sea for ſome Time, and when they did were ſo leaky that they were in Danger of ſinking before they arrived at the Iſle of France.

By Letters from Lisbon we learn, that all the Jeſuits in the Kingdom of Portugal had been brought Priſoners to that City, where above 800 are already confined, and that they had but 6d. each per Day allowed them for their Subſiſtence.

By Letters from France it appears, that General Lally, after taking Fort St. David's marched up to Madraſs, where he was repulſed, the Engliſh being joined by the Nabob of Arcot, and that in his Retreat he was greatly harraſſed, and loſt a Number of Men, but had got ſafe into Pondicherry.

'Tis ſaid that the Governor of Fort St. David's, having been apprized of the Deſigns of the French, had ſent to Madraſs every Thing of Value belonging to the Company.

By a Liſt of Men of War and Frigates in the Service of Great-Britain, it appears, that there are 113 of the Line, and 287 Frigates, Sloops, Bomb Veſſels, and Fire Ships.

March 27. Accounts from Vienna tell us, they had juſt received a Hat and Sword for Marſhal Daun, which had been ſent to Rome for the Pope's Bleſſing.

Whitehall, Feb. 26. Among other Promotions, the King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint Major General William Shirley and Sir William Pepperell, Bart. to be Lieutenants General.

April 2. Advice is received of the Arrival at Embden of the whole Reinforcement from England and Scotland, for the Army of Prince Ferdinand; the former having had a ſevere Paſſage, occaſioned by contrary Winds.

According to Letters from Paris, the French Court, in order to make the People eaſy, has reported that very Engliſh Noblemen are there hoſtages, conſtituting a Peace, and that the Conditions on which it was to be ſettled were very far advanced.

By Letters from Holland we learn, that the Governor of Fort St. David's had been joined by the King of Tanjour, a Tributary to the Mogul, who after a ſhort Reſiſtance, obliged the French to abandon all the little Forts and Settlements they had made themſelves Maſters of, and that under the Cannon of Pondicherry, and that Admiral Pocock had ſo far delivered the French Fleet, they retired into the Bay for Security, and took the firſt Opportunity of retreating, to repair the Damages to the Iſland of Bourbon, which is above 500 Leagues from Pondicherry; this latter Account is confirmed by Monſieur's Papers publiſhed at Paris.

The late dreadful Execution at Lisbon, ſo far from putting an End to the Troubles of the Country, ſeems to have raiſed the Reſentment of the Malecontents, ſo that probably much Blood muſt be ſpilt before the Affair is ended.

They write from the Hague, that ſeveral Letters have been received there from Germany, advising, that the Miniſters reſiding at Cologne from the Courts of Great-Britain and Pruſſia, have been ordered to retire from that City within the Space of 48 Hours.

April 7. A private Letter from Paris by Yeſterday's Flanders Mail ſays, that they had received a Confirmation that the Fleet under Admiral Pocock in the Eaſt Indies had totally defeated the French Fleet, and that there had been a ſmart Action between the Engliſh Land Forces and the French, which ended greatly to the Advantage of the former.

On Thurſday Night the Right Honourable Admiral Boſcawen ſet out for Portſmouth to take upon him the Command of the Fleet.

We hear that ſome Cutters are ordered to watch the Motions of the French Fleet at Brait and Rochfort.

The laſt Letters from Prague mention, that an Embargo was laid on all Ships in the River of Bourdeaux, and at other French Ports in the Channel.

Capt. Verden, General Fermor's Aid de Camp, ſeized in Poland by a Pruſſian Major of Huſſars, was carrying the Plan of Operations for the next Campaign to the Court of Peterſburgh; which being now in Poſſeſſion of his Pruſſian Majeſty, a new one muſt be formed, which will be a Work of Time. The Captain offered 100,000 Rubles for his Ranſom.

Thurſday and Yeſterday a great Number of Troop Horſes ſet out for Portſmouth, to be tranſported to the Iſle of Wight.

April 9. Letters from Madrid of the 14th of March ſay, that the King lay in the ſame languiſhing Condition, but 'twas thought he could not ſurvive many Days.

They write from Genoa, that there are about 20 Engliſh Privateers in the Mediterranean furniſhed with Pruſſian Commiſſions, and that they have taken a great Number of Sweden, Imperialiſts, and Tuſcan Ships.

By our Accounts from Dantzick, a bloody Battle is ſoon expected in Poland between the Pruſſians and Ruſſians.

It is reported, that an additional Duty will be laid on Starch and Powder.

Extract of a Letter from Cornwall, March 15.

We have had a moſt violent Storm here, the like having never been known in theſe Parts. Every Church in the County hath been almoſt uncovered, and many Towns and Steeples are greatly damaged. The largeſt Trees are every where rooted up; whole Orchards are in many Places laid flat; ſcarce a Dwelling Houſe has eſcaped the Fury of the Winds; many are quite uncovered, and ſome blown down; and what adds to the Calamity, is, the Dearneſs and Scarcity of Thatch, Straw, Lime, &c. and the Difficulty of getting Labourers to repair the Damage.

It is expected that Col. Clive, who was at firſt on his return home, there he receives the News

for the Government of St. David's, immediately quitted the Village to return, in order to put himself at the Head of the English Forces to march against the Enemy.

March 31. By Letters from Rome of the 3d inſtant, there is an Account, that the King of the Two Sicilies had recalled his Troops from the Frontiers of the Eccleſiaſtical State.

Extract of a Letter from Berlin, dated the 20th inſt.

"The Pruſſian Expedition to this Place, and ruining the Ruſſian Magazines, was done with ſuch ſpeed that it ſurprized every Body; but in particular the Behaviour of thoſe Troops was very much admired; they obſerved the ſtricteſt Diſcipline, and paid for every Thing they had, and as ſoon as their Work was done, they returned the ſame Way they came, conforming in every reſpect to the Treaty of Weblau, ſubſiſting between this Republic and the King of Pruſſia."

We hear, A Fleet is ordered to be got ready at Portſmouth and Plymouth with all Speed, to cruize in the Bay, in order to watch the Motions of the Enemy, and hinder the Operations of the Grand Expedition Fleet upon the Enemy's Coaſt.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Elliot, of his Majeſty's Ship the Eolus, to Mr. Cleveland, dated Plymouth Sound, March 29, 1759.

"I Pleaſe to acquaint the Right Honourable my Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, that I arrived here this Day with his Majeſty's Ship under my Command, and La Mignonne, a French Frigate of 20 Guns, and 143 Men, commanded by Chevalier de Turſauville. I took her on the 19th Inſtant, after an Action of 12 or 15 Minutes. Her Captain and 20 Men were killed, the ſecond Captain's Thigh ſhot off, and about 25 wounded. That Evening, about Four o'Clock, in Company with his Majeſty's Ship his, we got Sight of four Frigates, and 30 Sail of coaſting Veſſels, cloſe under the Ile de Dieu: Three of the Frigates ſtood off to us, in order to protect their Convoy: Capt. Wheeler ſtood for the Leewardmoſt, as he appeared to be the Commodore, and to prevent if poſſible, any of the reſt getting in with the Land, (for it was a Lee Shore;) but Le Skyage, of 32 Guns, the Ship Capt. Wheeler ſtood for, made off before he could get near her. La Blonde, of 32 Guns, came cloſe along Side of his Majeſty's Ship under my Command, each under our Topſails. When we had exchanged a few Broadſides, I fell a little a Stern for Want of a Brace or Bowline to fit the Main-top-ſail with. She ſeized that Opportunity to make all the Sail ſhe could: As the Eolus had received no other Damage to prevent her ſailing as well as ever, and the Enemy had a good deal, I ſhould have been up with her again in a few Minutes, had not the Mignonne come along Side of me, which favoured her Eſcape. On-board his Majeſty's Ship under my Command, were two Men wounded. The Action followed the Blonde ſo cloſe, that it was with great Difficulty we got into the Road of Balleine, after exchanging Chaſe Guns for ſome Time."

Admiral Cornish is ſaid is going with a Squadron to the Eaſt-Indies, to take the whole Command of his Majeſty's Ships in that Part of the Globe, and to be ſtationed there two Years from the Time of his Arrival in thoſe Seas, Admiral Pocock, with three of the largeſt Ships, being ordered Home to England.

Several Tranſports are taking in Proviſions and Stores for Senegal and Goree; as are alſo ſome others (and near compleated) for the Squadron under Commodore Moore at Guadaloupe.

April 7. According to Advices from Ratiſbon, a Courier paſſed through that City from the Elector of Mentz, going to the Court of Vienna with ſome Diſpatches of great Moment; and it was ſaid that the French had taken Poſſeſſion of the City of Mentz.

Letters from Hamburgh of the 23d ult. ſay, that by Letters from Poland they had Advice, that 12 Squadrons of Coſſacks, that guarded and covered the Ruſſian Magazines at Nuels, on the River Nieze, in Great-Poland, computed to be worth 20,000 Rubles, after ſaving the ſame on Fire, retired towards the Viſtula.

They write from Hamburgh, that the Ruſſians were ſo much alarmed at the late Irruption of the Pruſſians into Poland, that they ſet Fire to ſome of their own Magazines, principally a very large one near the River Nieze; and that the Generals Fermor and Brown being abſent, thoſe Troops were in very great Confuſion; inſomuch that if the Pruſſians continued to proſecute their Deſign, there is great Reaſon to apprehend that all the Schemes of the Ruſſians will be fruſtrated, eſpecially if the Report be true, that all their naval Magazines have been deſtroyed by an accidental Fire.

April 10. They write from Hanover of the 27th paſt, that it was ſpoken there with ſome Confidence, that the Troops of Mecklenbourg were to enter into the Pruſſian Service, a Convention being actually ſigned between the Lords of the Country and the Pruſſians for this Purpoſe.

The Honourable Mr. Pitt is extremely ill of the Gout in St. James's Square.

They write from Hamburgh, that the King of Denmark muſt certainly have ſome great Project in View, from the large Sums he is borrowing at Five per Cent.

We are informed, by Letters by the Holland Mail, that Propoſals have been offered by the Imperial Court to the King of Pruſſia for a general Peace, but were rejected.

There are ſeveral French Agents in Town, borrowing Money at Eight per Cent. which is to be paid by the Dutch.

We are credibly informed, that large Quantities of Corn is bought up by the Dutch, and tranſported to France.

Letters from Cologne ſay, that a Body of 15,000 French Troops were there, in order to cover the Entrenchments that are raiſed oppoſite that Place from Deutz to Mulheym.

Admiral Norris is ſet out for Portſmouth, to take on him the Command of a Fleet there.

April 13. Letters from Copenhagen intimate, that Affairs of the utmoſt Importance are on the Carpet between that Court and Great-Britain.

A Danish Ship is arrived at Copenhagen from the Eaſt Indies, by whom our Company have received a Letter, whereby it appears the French had taken Poſſeſſion of Fort St. David after the Engliſh had abandoned it, and that the Engliſh joined the King of Tanjour, and attacked the French under M. Lally, and defeated them. It appears alſo, that the French were very much mauled at Sea, and obliged to retire to Pondicherry in great Diſorder; and it is added, that the French had blown up the Fortifications of Fort St. David.

We can aſſure the Public, that there is not the leaſt Foundation for the idle Report of the King of Pruſſia's being killed.

Some private Letters from Stettin, of the 30th ult. mention, that they had there an Account from Stralſund, that in a Sally the Swedes made out of that Place, they had loſt 1000 Men.

Letters from France, by Yeſterday's Dutch Mail, contradict the Bruſſels Gazette, about the Breſt Fleet being ſailed; and by all Accounts, tho' the ſaid Fleet hath been two Years fitting out, it is not yet ready to ſail.

By Letters from Saxony there is Advice, that his Pruſſian Majeſty, at the Head of his Army, entered the Kingdom of Bohemia the 2d inſt. and that the Auſtrians had aſſembled an Army at Topitz, in order to oppoſe him.

The Deputies from the States of Holland arrived in Town laſt Tueſday.

Governor Maſon, of Senegal, is come home in a Man of War from that Place. We learn that every Thing remained quiet there; that a free Trade was eſtabliſhed with the Indians; and that they had ſhipped off, both at Goree and there, a conſiderable Number of Slaves for the Weſt-Indies.

April 17. By a private Letter from Berlin we have an Account, that the King has ordered 200 Ducats to be given to the Officer who took the Ruſſian Courier on the Road of Cracow, and has promiſed to advance him upon the firſt Vacancy. His Majeſty is in perfect Health at his Head Quarters at Boltenheyn, where he has an Army of 60,000 Men, in excellent Order. The Army under General Fouquet conſiſts of 40,000 Men; but no Body here pretends to gueſs at the Deſtination of either. Perhaps it is as much out of the Power of Field Marſhal Daun.

They write from Frankfort, that a Courier was arrived there, brought blindfold from Hanau under an Eſcort, to which Place he had been ſent by the Prince of Isenbourg, to ſummon the Commandant to ſurrender, who thought proper thereupon to ſend him to the Duke de Broglio. There is a very ſtrong Report that the Pruſſians have attacked and defeated the main Body of the Army of the Empire, and that a great Part of their Artillery and Baggage have fallen into the Victor's Hands.

There has been a third Action at Sea, in the Eaſt-Indies, between the Engliſh and French Squadrons, in which the latter have loſt their Commodore's Ship, and two of their 50 Gun Ships are taken.

Laſt Sunday ſailed from Portſmouth Admiral Boſcawen, with the Fleet under his Command; as did alſo Admiral Cornish, with the Eaſt-India Ships under his Convoy.

Since the News of our Troops landing on the Iſland of Guadaloupe, no leſs than ſix Advice Veſſels have ſailed with Diſpatches for Commodore Moore.

Admiral Cornish will ſhortly be followed by ſeveral other Ships of Reinforcement, bound to be to St. Helena.

Some Ships of the Line are alſo ordering with the utmoſt Diſpatch to follow Admiral Boſcawen.

Under the Convoy of ſeveral Tranſports with Marines, ſailing from Cork and Portſmouth will ſail for the Iſle of Admiral Broderick's Fleet in the Mediterranean.

April 21. We hear that Lord Anſon will ſpeedily take on him the Command of a Fleet now fitting out; and that Lord Howe will alſo have the Command of another.

By a Letter from on board the Duke of Marlborough Privateer, Capt. Tanner, we have received the following Information; That the Coaſt of the Iſland of Minorca was ſo well guarded and watched by Admiral Broderick's Fleet, and a great Number of Privateers, that for ſome Weeks paſt not a Veſſel bound for that Place had been able to get in, but have fallen into the Hands of the Engliſh. A Xebec, bound from Minorca to Toulon with an Expreſs, is taken by a Privateer; the People on-board affert, that the Inhabitants and Garriſon were, at the Time of their Sailing, in the utmoſt Want of every Neceſſary of Life, and that great Numbers of the latter had died of the Scurvy and Fevers.

They write from Falmouth, that his Majeſty's Ship Achilles, of 60 Guns, Capt. Barrington, is arrived there, who having met with the Count de St. Florentine, Monſieur Monnit Commander, of 60 Guns, and 450 Men, the 4th Inſtant, off Cape Finiſterre, at Nine at Night, began an Engagement, which continued till Eleven, when the Frenchman ſtruck, having all her Maſts cleared away, the French Captain killed, and one Headed of her Crew killed, and fifty wounded, and her Hull very much ſhattered. She came firſt from the Coaſt of Guinea, laſt from St. Domingo, and had on board about Five Hundred Tons of Merchandize, conſiſting of Sugar, Indigo, Elephants Teeth, Gold Duſt, &c. and is one of the Ships which engaged the Harwich of 50 Guns, on the Coaſt of Guinea, laſt Year, and did ſo much Damage, having taken and deſtroyed many Veſſels on that Coaſt. The above Privateer had taken in her Paſſage the following Ships, the Maſters of which were on board her when taken; the Prince George of London, William Whipple Maſter, from Jamaica for London; the Betſey of Liverpool, John Quirk Maſter, from Jamaica for Liverpool; the Anne Maria of London, from Jamaica for London; James Moncrieffe Maſter; the Providence of Briſtol, Wright, from Jamaica for Briſtol. Capt. Barrington had only Three Men killed, and Ten wounded.

Yeſterday the Government contracted for a great Number of Tranſports, in order to carry Troops to the Weſt-Indies, &c.

Letters from Fulda, of the 8th of April ſay, that according to the beſt Computation, the Allies had killed and taken about 25000 of the Enemy's Troops in the late Expedition, with ſcarce any Loſs to themſelves.

Cork, March 29. Yeſterday arrived here from a Cruize, his Majeſty's Ship Adventure, of 32 Guns, Capt. Moore, who has taken and ſent into England, a French Privateer of 22 Nine Pounders on one Deck, and 250 Men, out from St. Maloes but three Days, and ſtruck without firing a Gun. This is the only Veſſel which eſcaped Deſtruction, when the Duke of Marlborough was at that Place, ſhe being then on the Stocks.

Admiralty-Office, April 31. His Majeſty's Ships Southampton and Melampe, commanded by the Captains Gilchriſt and Hotham, on the 28th paſt, came up with the Diana, a French Frigate of 40 Guns, and 330 Men, which after a brisk Engagement, was taken, having between 30 and 40 Men killed, and a great Number wounded. The Southampton had 2 killed and 8 wounded; amongſt the latter was Capt. Gilchriſt, who being ſhot through the Shoulder with a Pound Ball, has been obliged to leave the Action at Yarmouth. The Melampe had 8 Men killed and 20 wounded.

Portſmouth, March 26. Admiral Hawke will have the Command of 12 Sail of the Line in the Bay in about a Month's Time; he is expected here ſoon to hoiſt his Flag on-board the Ramillies, now at Spithead.

The Naſſau, Capt. Sayer, and the Raiſonable, Capt. Montague, are ordered to the Weſt-Indies.

March 28. Arrived the Roſe Man of War from New-York.

April 13. We have that his Majeſty's Ship Royal George is not to proceed to Sea, but to wait the

Arrival of the Right Hon. Lord Anson, who it is said, is going to Sea with a grand Fleet; if so, we shall have very powerful Fleets out within a short Time of each other, exclusive of the great Preparations carrying on by and under the Conduct of the Right Hon. Lord Hawke.

The Centaur, Capt. Collingwood, with the Barbados and Leeward Island Convoy, is ready, and waits for a Wind.

As does the Echo, Capt. Lafley, with Cape-Breton and Virginia Convoy.

Plymouth, April 5. The Dublin, Tate, from New-York, is arrived at Dublin. She was taken the 19th ult. on the Banks of Newfoundland, by the Comte de Flandres, and ransomed for 1500 l.

Falmouth, April 9. Sailed for New-York the Harriot Packet, Bonnel.

KINGSTON (in JAMAICA) *May 5.*

Wednesday last arrived from a Cruize, his Majesty's Ships Dreadnought, Maurice Suckling, Esq; Commander; Nonsuch, Robert Faulknor, Esq; Commander; Weazel, Sloop, Francis Wastfield, Esq; Commander; and Penguin Sloop of War, —— Brooke, Esq; Commander; and brought in with them the following French Prize Vessels, viz. The Ship Le Hardie de Nantes, Steve Thomas Guyot, Commander, mounting 24 Guns, 4 and 6 Pounders, with 145 Men, from the Isle of Bourbon, bound to France. Le Hermione, late Privateer Frigate, mounting 20 Guns, 6 and 12 Pounders, belonging to Cadiz. Sixteen Sail of Smith or Men, and a large French Dutch Ship, bound from Port-au-Prince to Nantz, and Marseilles, richly laden with Sugar, Indico, Coffee, &c. There were 4 Sail in Company; and by a Gentleman who lately came home as a Prize from France, we are informed, that Congress Cash 5,000,000 of Livres above, which makes a prodigious Sterling, four of whom are now at St Anchor in Port-Royal Harbour.

The first Thomas Guyot, who commanded the Ship Le Hardie, is the same Gentleman who formerly commanded the French Ship Le Mars, now his Majesty's Sloop of War Rose. The Le Hardie sailed from Port-au-Prince as a Knaave, but fell in with, and engaged an English Privateer Snow of 14 Carriage Guns, Master Sprowle, called the Speedwell, belonging to Providence, which, after a smart Engagement, he took, and turned back into Port-au-Prince. This detained his Passage until the War was taken at before mentioned.

The Hermione engaged the Port-Antonio, and killed two of her Men, but instantly struck on the Appearance of the Dreadnought.

SAINT JOHN's (in ANTIGUA) *May 5.*

The Ship Island Yorkshire a Guarda-costa arrived here from Martinico, by Way of Dominica and Guadaloupe, from whom we have the following Account, viz. That some Vessels arrived at Martinico before he sailed from thence, which had been 26 Days Passage, on Whatsoever of Martinico, and that on his Arrival off that Island on Tuesday the 24th Instant, he also discovered the Squadron, and was near enough to see their Hulls from the Deck; on which he made the best of his Way to Prince Rupert's Bay, where he arrived about ten O'Clock the same Morning, and informed the Commodore of what he had seen; and by ten o'Clock at the Evening, all the Squadron (being 13 Ships of the Line, besides Frigates and other Vessels of War, in all 22) were under Sail, and at Noon the Day following, was far enough to Windward to weather Martinique; and, as it was judged, not more than 25 or 20 Leagues from M. Bompar.

From the several Accounts we have had of the Motions of M. Bompar, it appears that he has been cruising about these Islands for this Fortnight past; and the 5 Ships which came within Distance of English Harbour on Thursday last, certainly were Part of his Squadron. Hence it appears how greatly those Gentlemen were mistaken who thought, that by Commodore Moore's Squadron lying in Prince Rupert's Bay, Bompar was effectually blocked up, and prevented from discovering Guadaloupe; and from hence also an Argument is drawn in Favour of the Opinion of those who thought, that Bompar would be best enforced by Commodore Moore's lying at the Mouth of Port-Royal Bay, and forcing Bompar up into the Harbour.

May 12. A Gentleman who left Guadaloupe last Wednesday, reports, that on the Appearance of Commodore Moore's Squadron, off Martinique on the Friday or Saturday before, a Tender was sent from Point-Petre to speak with them; and on her Return the Master declared, he over-took the Squadron near Dominica; and was informed they were going to Anchor again in Prince Rupert's Bay, and that M. Bompar has gone back to Martinico.

NEWBERN (in *North-Carolina*) *May 19.*

Yesterday an Express arrived here from the Western Frontiers to his Excellency the Governor, with an Account of several Murders committed there lately, by a Party of Indians; 'tis said 30 or 32 Families are cut off, but not certain what Nation have done it; they strongly suspected to be the Cherokees.

HALIFAX, *May 26.*

Since our last, 13 Transports, having on board the Troops that embarked at this Place, under Convoy of the Lecthofe and another Frigate, with three Fireships, sail'd from hence on the intended Expedition.

A Spanish Ship of about 300 Tons, arrived here on Wednesday last, she was taken by one of Admiral Durell's Squadron, and was from France, in Company with 18 other Frenchmen, under Convoy of two Frigates bound to Quebec, chiefly laden with Provisions; and as Admiral Durell's Squadron has taken this Ship, 'tis to be hoped he will be able to give a good Account of the Rest.

BOSTON, *May 28.*

Last Monday his Excellency our Governor returned from the Penobscot Country, in the Province Ship King George, having happily succeeded in the Object of his Expedition, by taking Possession for the Crown, on Behalf of this Province, of the King's ancient Rights, and establishing the same, by setting down a Fort on Penobscot River. His Excellency, when passing up the River into the Country to the Head of the Falls, found upon a high Point of Land, one Hour's Journey above the Falls, three Quarters of a Mile, almost 7 Miles above the old French Fort at Pentagoet, a Spot of Ground where the Materials being already prepared and framed at Falmouth, the Fort will be compleated in three Weeks or a Month.

NEW-YORK, *June 11.*

Extract of a Letter from Fort Edward, dated May 25.

"The Army destined against Crown Point, consisting of the Rangers, with 50 Men, are ordered to be all either killed or taken Prisoners, they having been discovered that Time, and one Man of the Rangers knocked down, killed and scalped upon the Lake. One Day last Week was fired on a Party of Rangers, Indians, and the Light Infantry of the 60th, to the Number of 1500, in the Lake, having passed them in Boats, they were drawn up on Shore there, which Party got down into the Boats, the Rangers gave a Huzza, which Party, on their Return, gave them a Fire, but the Rangers gave them a Volley, which Party, This Day (the 25th Inst.) is to be encamped, and Provisions, &c. for Provisioning, and carrying over of the Carrying. They have to Days Provisions with them. A Major Rogers commands the whole. I heartily wish they may get back safe, as I fear the Party is too small for the Undertaking. We are to have four Days between this and the Lake, which are to be taken very safe. The 17th and 27th Regiments are on their March from Albany for this Place, what other Regiments are down at this Time is not known by us at present. The 35th, which is now in this Fort, is to encamp on a Hill Days.

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated June 5, 1759.

"The 3d Battalion, marched for Fort Edward, the Company of the Royal Artillery, the Royal Highland Regiment, and the Massachusetts Provincials, and the Artificers following, they were followed by his Excellency General AMHERST. Colonel Montgomery's Highlanders, and the New-Jersey Provincials, who are said to amount to be a fine Regiment. The Troops that General AMHERST has taken up to Fort Edward, are, the First Battalion of the Royal Scots; 17th Regiment, 27th, 42d, 55th, 63d, General Otye's Light Infantry; Rhode-Island, Connecticut and New-Jersey Provincials. Gone up the Mohawk River, with General Prideaux, 4th Battalion of the Royal Americans, 44th and 46th Regiment, and the New-York Provincials.

A Vessel arrived here last Week from the West-Indies, on her Passage, and near upon the Coast, spoke a Fleet of Transports under Convoy of a Man of War, bound in from Cape Fear, having on board about 800 Highlanders.

PHILADELPHIA, *June 14.*

Capt. [illegible], from Londonderry, in about 20 Days out, says Lundy's Lane, the Eastward of the Banks of Newfoundland, saw a Fleet of 54 Sail of very large Vessels, supposed 70 Gun Ships, steering N. N. W. the Wind at West. Seven Days after he spoke with the General Wolfe Privateer, of New-York, and acquainted him of the above Fleet; upon which the Captain immediately bore away for Louisburg, to inform Admiral Saunders thereof.

A Letter from Halifax, dated the 25th ult. mentions Thirteen Sail of our Men of War being then cruising in the Gulph of St. Lawrence.

Capt. Burrows, in the Ship Tyger, from Liverpool to Jamaica, has taken and carried in there, a Snow Ship from Brest for Martinico.

On Friday last the 6th Companies of the First Battalion of the Royal Americans, who have been here for some Time past, marched to the Westward.

And on Sunday the Pennsylvania Frigate, Capt. Thomas Leech, fell down on a Cruize, for the Protection of the Trade of this Province.

Last Night Captain Kirk arrived here in nine Days from Halifax, by whom there is Advice, that a 36 Gun Frigate, out of the Convoy to the Fleet from Boneventure for Quebec, is taken and carried into Louisburg, by one of our Men of War; as are also three of the Merchantmen of the same Fleet, one of which had 700 Barrels of Powder on board. By him we also learn, that Admiral Saunders was to sail from Louisburg for the River St. Lawrence the 6th Instant.

ANNAPOLIS, *June 21.*

Saturday Evening last arrived here from *Rhode-Island*, Capt. Thomas Sprague, in the Snow *Maryland Merchant*, after a constant Passage of 11 Weeks; and for almost 4 Weeks of the Time was beating on our Coast, but saw no Enemy.

On Sunday Capt. *James Stanfield*, in the Letter of Marque Two Sisters, arrived in *York-River*, from *St. Christophers*, having had a Passage of 38 Days: By him we have an Account, That the Island of *Marigalante*, a small *French* Island, had submitted to his Majesty's Obedience on the same Terms with *Guadaloupe*.

Capt. *Meredith*, on his Passage, to the Southward of *Bermuda*, saw a Ship steering Southerly, and Clubs hauled, who when he came pretty near to her the Yankees'd fair, did not appear to be a 60 Gun Ship, under Spanish Colours, but he made the best of his Way on his Voyage.

His Excellency our Governor has been pleased further to Prorogue the General Assembly of this Province, to Monday the 15th of *October* next.

The Schooner *Dublin*, Capt. *Rutland*, is just arrived from *South-Carolina*; who informs us, That Ten Sail of Topsail Vessels were lately come into our Capes Yesterday.

The Sloop *Cornwall Prizeman*, Capt. *Allen*, of *New-York*, is left at the *Grand Cayes*. The Crew, all the Guns, Sails, Rigging, &c. were saved.

The Brig *Sally*, Capt. *Lefferd*, from *New-York*; and the Ship *Polly and Betsy*, Capt. *Graham*, from *Liverpool*, are arrived at *Charles-Town*, *South-Carolina*.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, *June 21.*

Entered Inwards.

Snow Maryland Merchant, Thomas Sprague, from Biddeford; Ship Two Sisters, James Hamerick, from St. Christophers.

Cleared for Entries.

Schooner Good Intent, William Dunbar, for New-York; Sloop Friends Adventure, Benjamin Rogers, for Virginia; Sloop Four Brothers, George Hammerton, for Virginia; Sloop Friendship, Henry Jones, for St. Christophers; Sloop Rebeckah, Thomas Hammerton, for Virginia.

Prince-George's County, June 16, 1759.

ALL the TICKETS at the Lottery at Upper-Marlborough, are all disposed of, the Managers proceed to begin the Drawing of the said Lottery on the 20th Instant, at the Court-House, at which Time and Place all Persons concerned in Property for the Tickets, are desired to attend, and receive their Prizes in Money, agreeable to the Rules of this Subscription Lottery.

The Drawing to be in the Court-House, as it will be more convenient than the Assembly Room.

JUST PUBLISHED,

In large Octavo, Price, neatly Bound, 12/6 Currency,

By JAMES BISSET, *Attorney at Law,*

AN Abridgment and Collection of the Laws and ACTS of ASSEMBLY of the Province of MARYLAND at present in Force, with a small choice Collection of Precedents in Law and Conveyancing, calculated for the Use of the Gentlemen of the Province of *Maryland*.

As Abridging might alter the Meaning of the Enacting Clause, the first proposed Method is laid aside, and every Act containing any material Law is inserted and given in Full, in the very Words of, and carefully copied from, the original Act; nothing being Abridged but the Preamble, general Form of the Enacting Part of the Act, and the Form in every Penal Act of applying and recovering Fines.

There is a very full Index, a Table of the Acts inserted, and a Table of the expired and repealed Acts, and every Clause in any Act at present in Force, that has, by any subsequent Law, been repealed; mentioning when they expired, and the Acts whereby they stand repealed; so that upon comparing the Tables, any Person will directly see, that no material Law is omitted, nor any expired or repealed Act inserted.

The Precedents are alphabetically digested, great Variety given, such choices as are freed from Tautology, with a Number particularly adapted for *Maryland*, such as, Acknowledgments of Deeds, Probates of Causes of Action, Forms of Dismissing for Reasts. Superfedeas's for Stay of Execution, &c.

As the Binding will take up some Time, they will, as fast as bound, be sent to the respective Court-Houses in the Province, where the Subscribers, or such as chuse to buy any of them, may call for them.

N. B. Advertisements will be affixed at the Court-House Doors, shewing who have the giving of them out.

To be LET,

A GRIST-MILL, FULLING-MILL, BOLTING-MILL, and BAKE-HOUSE, all compleat; with Conveniencies for Storing near 3000 Bushels of Grain; belonging to EDWARD LLOYD, Esq; situate on the Head of *Wye* River.

For Terms apply to the Subscriber, living at *Wye-Town*, near the Mouth of the said River.

ROBERT WILLSON.

TO BE SOLD,

For Ready Money, at the Subscriber's Store, near the Door in ANNAPOLIS,

FRESH BOLTED FLOUR by the Barrel, *Treenail*, Wine by the Quarter Cask or Gallon, Barrel Biskey for Shipping, Rum by Whole-sale or Retail, and sundry *European* and *East-India* Goods, at the most reasonable Rates.

NATHAN HAMMOND, junior.

RICHARD FORD,

TAYLOR, from LONDON,

HEREBY acquaints the Public, That he has obtained several very good Hands from *England*, and that he carries on that Trade at *New-Town*, *Baltimore*; where Gentlemen may depend on having their Work done in the best and newest Fashion, and at the least Warning: And also makes, in the genteelest Taste, Riding Dresses for Ladies; for Ready Money, or very short Credit.

N. B. He makes a plain Suit for ... L. 1 5 0.
Ditto full Trimmed for ... 1 10 0.
And all other Things at a reasonable Rate.

JAMES DISNEY,

HAVING Erected a double-gear'd GRIST-MILL, on the North Side of *Severn* River, opposite to *Indian Landing*, and having Plenty of Water, will Grind for all who shall send their Grain to him, with Dispatch. He is at any Time Grinding for Country People.

N. B. The Mill stands very convenient on the River, for Goods to be brought by Water.

FRESH *LISBON* LEMONS, to be Sold by CHARLES WALLACE, in *Annapolis*, at Six Shillings per Dozen.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Anthony Rose*, at *Elk-Ridge*, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Horse, without mark'd, ears, or branded.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

DESERTED on the 11th of this Instant *June*, from Capt. *Richard Pearis* of the *Pennsylvania* Provincials, now Recruiting at *Annapolis*, *Thomas Fowler*, born in *Wiltshire* in *England*, aged 22 Years, by Trade a Weaver, 5 Feet 6 Inches high, and of a brown Complexion. He had on a brown Jacket without Sleeves, and Buckskin Breeches. He took with him a Bundle of Cloaths and a Cutlass.

Whoever will apprehend the said Deserter, and bring him to Capt. *Pearis*, or secure him in any Goal, and give him immediate Notice thereof, or any other Officer in the said Service, shall receive Two Pistoles Reward, and reasonable Charges.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Monday the Second Day of July next, for ready Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or heavy Tobacco,

ONE Hundred Acres of good LAND, lying in *Baltimore* County, near Mr. *William Murdock*'s, and adjoining to Mr. *John Worthington*'s; on which is a Dwelling-House 24 Feet long and 16 wide, and near a Hundred Apple Trees. Fifteen Acres of the said Land is cleared, and under Fence. The Sale to be on the Premises.

JONATHAN RAWLINGS.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the 5th Instant, a Convict Servant Man, named *John Burroughs*, born in *Leicestershire* in *England*, and bred a Farmer, he is about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, and well-set, fresh colour'd, and much Pock marked. He took with him, a Pea-Jacket of a Reddish or Brick Dust Colour, a *Russia* Drab Coat half worn, and spotted in several Places with Tar, a Cloth coloured *German* Serge Waistcoat, a Pair of Leather Breeches, one white, one Check, and two Oznabrigs Shirts, three Pair of Stockings, a Pair of black Leather Shoes, with Brass Buckles, an old Felt Hat, and an old brown Wig, which he commonly wears.

The above Servant was imported here in the Snow *Trial*, Capt. *George Freebairn*, in *January* last.

Whoever secures the said Runaway, and delivers him to me at *Annapolis*, if taken in *Anne-Arundel* County, shall receive Thirty Shillings Reward; if taken out of said County, and delivered as aforesaid, shall receive Forty Shillings, besides reasonable Charges, paid by

JAMES MACCUBBIN.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, On Tuesday the 13th of November next, at the House of William Brown, *in* London-Town, *the following Tracts of LAND, belonging to the Estate of* William Peale, *deceased,*

ONE TRACT called *Symson's Stones*, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called *Huntington*.

One TRACT called *Batchelor's Choice*, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of *Patapsco*, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, survey'd for *Jane Grey*, called *Maiden's Bower*.

One TRACT called *Poplar Neck*, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

One TRACT called *Mitchell's Addition*, containing 18½ Acres.

Part of a TRACT called *Puddington's Harbour*, containing 166 Acres.

☞ These 5 last Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near *London-Town*.

Also, The late Mr. *Peale*'s Dwelling-House, Store, and other Improvements, in *London-Town*, with several unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Persons who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in. And any inclining to Purchase the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to

JAMES MOUAT,
JAMES DICK,
JAMES NICHOLSON, } Executors.

Annapolis, June 7, 1759.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Sunday the 3d Instant, a Convict Servant Man, named *Thomas Reed*, alias *Colbert*, by Trade a Jeweller and Mourning Ring Engraver; he can write pretty well, and may probably have a forged Pass; is a pert talkative Fellow, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, well-set, pale Complexion, grey Eyes, large Nose, and wears dark brown Hair, which is short, and curl'd. Had on when he went away, a white Frock Coat, brown Jacket double breasted, Buckskin Breeches, and Boots; but, as he had Money with him, it is supposed he may have changed his Apparel. Had a Watch in his Pocket. He rode away on a young black Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, branded on the near Buttock MM joined in one, and is low in Flesh.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him home to his Master, shall receive Four Pistoles Reward, if taken in this Province; if taken out of the Province, Six Pistoles, and reasonable Charges, paid by

2 X JOHN INCH.

THERE is in the Possession of *James Patterson*, at *Tom's-Creek* in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Mare, a natural Pacer, and branded on the near Buttock with an H.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

X

THE Reverend *Thomas Bacon* hereby returns his Thanks to the worthy Gentlemen who have thought proper to encourage his Edition of the LAWS of *MARYLAND* by their Subscriptions: And as the Accounts already received from his Correspondents in some Counties are very favourable, he is now enabled to assure the Public, that the Work will infallibly be Printed, with all possible Expedition, and Orders given for importing the Paper and other Materials, as soon as the Accounts of his friendly Correspondents in the other Counties shall be received, in order to ascertain the Number of Copies. The Subscription will be kept open till the last Day of *July*, that Gentlemen who have not as yet Subscribed may avail themselves of it; as the few remaining Copies, after the Subscribers are supplied, will not be sold but at an advanced Price. ——And he requests his Friends, who have been pleased to take the Trouble of receiving Subscriptions for him, to send Lists of the Number and Names of their several Subscribers to the Printers hereof, by the 15th Day of *July* next, that no Delay to the Work in general, or Disappointment to particulars, may happen for Want of timely Information.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in, by Mr. *Benton Harris*, and Mr. *Isaac Morris*, in *Worcester* County.——Capt. *Henry Lewes*, Capt. *Henry Waggaman*, and Mr. *Lewis Gale*, in *Somerset* County.——The Honourable *Henry Hooper*, Esq; Speaker, and Mr. *John Caile*, in *Dorchester* County.——The Honourable *William Goldsborough*, Esq; and Mr. *James Dickinson*, in *Talbot* County.——Mr. *Robert Lloyd*, and *Jonathan Nicholls*, Esq; in *Queen-Anne's* County.——Col. *Joseph Nicholson*, and Mr. *Dennis Dulany*, in *Kent* County.——Mr. *Michael Earle*, and Mr. *Francis Key*, in *Cecil* County.——*John Darnall*, Esq; Mr. *Robert Peters*, and the Editor, in *Frederick* County.—Col. *William Young*, Mr. *Brian Philpot*, Mr. *Daniel Chamier*, and the Rev. Mr. *Thomas Cradock*, in *Baltimore* County.——The Honourable *Daniel Dulany*, Esq; *Edward Dorsey*, Esq; and at the *Printing-Office*, in *Annapolis*.——*William Murdock*, Esq; Dr. *David Ross*, and the Rev. Mr. *Henry Addison*, in *Prince-George's* County.——The Honourable *Richard Lee*, Esq; and Mr. *Samuel Hanson*, in *Charles* County.——*Philip Key*, Esq; and Col. *Abraham Barnes*, in *St. Mary's* County.——Col. *William Fitzhugh*, and Mr. *Charles Grahame*, in *Calvert* County.——Mr. *Robert Morris*, and Mr. *Robert Greenway*, in *Philadelphia*.——The Honourable and Reverend *Thomas Dawson*, President of *William and Mary* College, and *William Hunter*, Esq; at *Williamsburg*, in *Virginia*.

5

Charles County, *May* 19, 1759.

LEFT in the Warehouse of the Subscriber, about 2 Years ago, a Hogshead of SHOES, mark'd M in a Diamond, N°. 7.

The Owner may have it, by applying to

5 DANIEL of ST. THOMAS JENIFER.

ALL Persons who have any Demands against the Estate of *Stephen Pickering*, deceased, are desired to give in an Account thereof to the Subscriber, who will divide the Effects in his Hands equally among the Creditors, whose Debts are not yet satisfied, and of an equal Nature.

JAMES DICK, Executor.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Sammedew*, in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a silldish dun Bay Mare, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock thus R, and on the off Shoulder thus V; she has a small Star in her Forehead; paces a little, and is about 4 Years old.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

RAN away from *Dumfries* on *Potowmack* River, *Virginia*, in *March* last, a Mulatto Man Slave, named *Dick* (tho' it is probable he may now assume another) Country-born, about 35 Years of Age, a well-made slim Fellow, very active, is much addicted to Liquor, and when drunk, stammers in his Speech. Had on a good dark Bearskin Frock-Coat, and Cotton Breeches; but carried with him several other Cloaths. He is by Trade a compleat Wheelwright, and so much of a Smith, as to make the Nails, and shoe those he makes. He is likewise a good Cooper, Sawyer, and House-Carpenter, and has also been employed in small Craft by Water. Mr. *Fox* of *Fredericksburg*, was formerly his Master, and as he has lived in that Town, and other public Places, most Part of his Life, has contracted a pretty general Acquaintance, and may by that Means be conveyed out of this Colony. He has been seen on board several Vessels in *Rappahannock* River, and on board of a Schooner bound to *New-York*; but on being detected as a Runaway, he got clear by swimming on Shore from the Vessel in *Rappahannock*. He has been outlawed, by which any Person may lawfully kill him. I am informed he goes by the Name of *Jack Simpson*, and has a forg'd Pass, pretending he has served as a Mariner 21 Years, agreeable to the Laws of this Colony. It is hoped all Captains of Ships, or Commanders of Craft, will be cautious how they entertain so notorious a Villain; for when he is drunk, he will steal any Thing.

Whoever apprehends him, so that he may be secured in some Goal, and contrives me Notice of it, shall receive Forty Shillings; and if brought to me at *Dumfries*, a full Reward for their Trouble, and all reasonable Charges.

ALLAN MACRAE.

May 16, 1759.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in *Queen-Anne's* County School; Any Person properly Qualified, applying to the Visitors of said School, will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will support them in. Signed *per* Order,

NATHAN WRIGHT, Register.

LEFT at Colonel *Barnes's* Warehouse in *St. Mary's* County, some considerable Time ago, a Parcel of WHIP and CROSS-CUT SAWS. The Owner may have them on paying the Charge of this Advertisement.

BENJAMIN WHITCOMB,
STAY-MAKER,
Living in PORT-TOBACCO, *in* Charles *County,*

MAKES STAYS, JUMPS, and SULTEEN-STAYS, after the neatest, best, and newest Fashion, made of the best of Goods, and worse inferior to none. Any Gentlewomen, by directing their Commands to him, they shall be compliedwith, and may be assured the Work shall not be exceeded by any Master Stay-maker now in Being.

LEFT at Mr. *Jacques's* Store in *Annapolis*, last Summer, a Box supposed to contain HATS, which came in the Ship *Tryton*, Capt. *Matthew Spencer*, mark'd N°. 1 and N W in a Diamond; and a large Bell Metal Skillet mark'd NK join'd in one. The Owner may have them, on producing a Bill of Lading, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Charles-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d. per Year.* ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertisements.